



Dell Networking S5000 Modular 1RU 10/40GbE and FC 2/4/8 switch

High-density 1RU 1/10GbE or 2/4/8G FC modules with four fixed 40GbE uplinks and low latency for line-rate performance, feature-rich layer 2/3 and storage networking for iSCSI, FC/FCoE and RoCE.

The Dell S5000 1RU Ethernet switch offers innovative modular, converged networking capabilities. The switch converges LAN and SAN traffic over a single 10GbE connection to help optimize server and storage connectivity in enterprise-scale data centers deploying separate networks based on different networking protocols.

Converged LAN/SAN ToR switch

The Dell S5000 is a 10/40GbE switch architected for a ToR virtualized data center environment. It provides a fully modular converged LAN/SAN switch purpose-built for applications in high-performance data center and fabric deployments. The S5000 supports LAN and native Fibre Channel ports using optional modules for maximum flexibility and scalability.

Leveraging a non-blocking, cut-through switching architecture, the S5000 provides line-rate L2 and L3 forwarding capacity with low latency to maximize network performance. The S5000 is a fully modular switch with four modular bays and four fixed 40GbE uplink ports. Each 40GbE QSFP+ uplink can also support four 10 GbE ports using a breakout cable. The S5000 supports three types of modules, including a Unified port module with 12 configurable ports for Fibre Channel 2/4/8Gbps and/or 1/10GbE SFP+, as well as SFP+ or 1/10GBASE-T Ethernet modules, each providing 12 1/10GbE ports.

The S5000 is powered by the industry-hardened, featurerich Dell Networking OS9 (OS9) designed for maximum dependability and uptime. Virtual link trunking (VLT) provides a loop-free topology with active-active load-sharing of links from access to core. Hardware stacking using front port stacking up to six units provides maximum flexibility and scalability for data center environments. The S5000 supports Dell Open Automation Framework, which provides advanced network automation and virtualization capabilities for virtual data center environments. The Open Automation Framework is comprised of a suite of interrelated network management tools which can be used together or independently to provide a more flexible, available and manageable network while helping to reduce operational expenses.

Key applications

- Lossless fabric for LAN/SAN deployments
- Design with the Dell Z Series core switch to create a flat, two-tier, non-blocking 1/10/40GbE data center network design
- Design a Clos fabric with S5000 switch in leaf and spine with the S Series 1/10GbE Ethernet switches for cost-effective aggregation of 10GbE uplinks
- Design with Dell N Series switches to create a modern campus network with pay-as-you-grow expansion capability or consolidate campus aggregation and small data center functionality

- High-performance SDN/OpenFlow 1.3 enabled with ability to inter-operate with industry standard OpenFlow controllers
- 1/10GBase-T and SFP+ modules available on the same ToR switch

Key features

- OS9 offers inherent stability as well as advanced monitoring and serviceability functions
- Open Automation Framework adds VM-awareness as well as automated configuration and provisioning capabilities to simplify the management of virtual network environments
- Scalable L2 and L3 Ethernet switching with QoS and a full complement of standards-based IPv4 and IPv6 features
- VLT and mVLT for layer 2 multipath
- User port stacking support for up to six units
- Support for jumbo frames for high-end server connectivity
- 128 link aggregation groups with up to eight members per group, using advanced hashing
- Fibre Channel, FCoE, FCoE transit (FIP Snooping) and NPIV Proxy Gateway (NPG), Fibre Channel Forwarding (FCF)
- Full data center bridging (DCB) support for lossless iSCSI SANs, RoCE and converged network.
- Redundant, hot-swappable power supplies and fans
- I/O panel to PSU airflow or PSU to I/O panel airflow (reversable airflow)
- VRF-lite enables sharing of networking infrastructure and provides L3 traffic isolation across tenants
- 16, 28, 40, 52, 64 10GbE ports available

A modular, compact form-factor switch optimized for LAN and SAN convergence and easy 1GbE to 10GbE migration

Dell S5000 overview

Server virtualization and cloud-based deployment models are increasing IT organizations' productivity while improving their ability to respond to continuously changing business needs. However, the rate at which the technology is evolving is forcing IT departments to invest in solutions that are flexible, future-ready and cost-effective.

The Dell S5000 is a high-density 1RU switch that offers innovative flexibility due to its unique modular architecture. S5000 is well suited for data center access and aggregation layer deployments for physical and virtual servers and LAN and SAN convergence over lossless fabrics.

- 1RU high-density switch with four module slots and four fixed 40GbE (QSFP+) uplinks (totaling 64 10GbE ports with breakout cables)
- Three optional modules are SFP+ Ethernet, 1/10GBase-T Ethernet, and a Unified Module supporting Fibre Channel and/or SFP+ Ethernet. The Ethernet modules support 12 1/10GbE ports and the Unified Module supports up to 12 FC 2/4/8Gbps and/or 12 1/10GbE ports.
- 1.28Tbps (full-duplex) non-blocking, cut-through switching fabric delivers line-rate performance
- FCoE, iSCSI and RDMA over Converged Ethernet (RoCE) is supported on all Ethernet ports

S5000 I/O module options



Ethernet modules (above) provide 12 1/10GbE ports using SFP+ (left) or 1/10GBASE-T (right) interfaces. The Ethernet modules support Ethernet-based LAN traffic and Ethernet-based SAN traffic for FCoE and iSCSI. and RoCE.



Unified port module (above) provides up to 12 ports for 2/4/8Gbps native Fibre Channel using SFP+/SFP interface. The unified port module supports Fibre Channel-based SAN traffic as well as up to 12 FC 2/4/8 and/or 12 1/10GbE ports.

Deployment models for \$5000

Dell S5000 supports deployment models for small campus core or traditional, virtualized and converged data centers.



Figure 1. Campus deployment models for \$5000

The flexibility of scale and types of ports offered by the S5000 make it an attractive choice for small campus core switches. Customers have the ability to connect legacy or new 1GbE switches to S5000 using 1GbE or 10GbE uplinks. Many small campuses also have a mini data center deployed within the wiring closet. In these environments, IT staff are forced to either deploy multiple switches to meet the needs of servers and storage in the wiring closet or try to fit server and storage workloads in the campus networks. With the S5000, customers have the ability to install the types of modules that best meets the needs of campus and data center workloads in the wiring closet.

Traditional Ethernet deployments

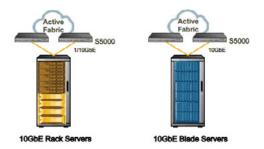
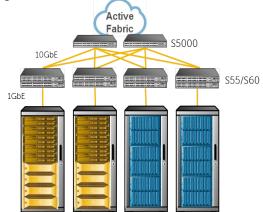


Figure 2. Redundant connections from 10GbE rack and blade servers deployed in a traditional Ethernet environment

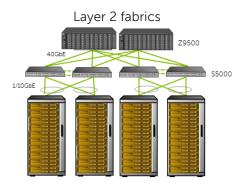
Each server rack in this deployment model contains two S5000 switches offering redundant 10GbE connections to each server. The switches may be deployed as stand-alone switches or stacked for management simplification. Typical stacking configurations include a pair of stacked switches in each rack or two stacks of switches extending horizontally across multiple switches. In a typical single high-density server rack with redundant connections, up to 48 Dell PowerEdge rack servers or up to 96 PowerEdge Blades can be connected to a pair of S5000 in a single rack.



1GbE Rack/Blade Servers

Figure 3. Large-scale 1GbE server connections

Servers with 1GbE redundant ports are connected to a pair of Dell Networking S55 or S60 1GbE switches. Using 10GbE up link connections, S55 or S60 leaf switches are connected to a pair of S5000 spine switches to form a large access layer fabric. In a typical high-density server configuration with redundant connections, up to 576 1GbE (1152 if redundancy not required) servers can be connected to a pair of S5000 switches through 24 Dell S55 or S60 switches.

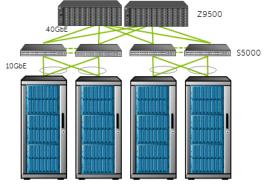


1/10GbE Rack Servers and Storage

Figure 4. 1/10GbE rack servers in a virtualized data center

Virtual Link Trunking (VLT) is a Dell Networking multi-path solution to create a dynamic or static LAG that terminates on two different VLT-enabled physical switches. VLT is a dual active control plane implementation of multi-system LAG. VLT creates a single logical view of the two physical switches for the node at the other end.

In a virtualized data center, each server can transmit a significant amount of data easily overwhelming a traditional network infrastructure. VLT-based network infrastructure provides activeactive connections from the server expanding the available bandwidth while increasing network resiliency. In a typical high-density server configuration with redundant connections, up to 1188 1/10GbE servers can be connected to a pair of Z9500 switches through 66 S5000 switches.

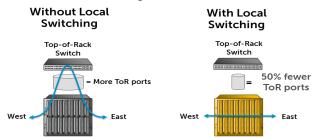


10GbE Blade Servers and Storage

Figure 5. 10GbE blade servers in a virtualized data center

For organizations creating the next-generation architecture for their information technology, meeting performance requirements for critical workloads is paramount. Dell blade solutions combine high-speed connectivity in the form of the backplane of the Dell PowerEdge M1000e blade enclosure with the compute density of Dell blade servers. The MXL/IOA switch for M1000e blade enclosure is a 40GbE capable, modular and stackable blade switch.

In a typical high-density server configuration with redundant connections, up to 4752 10GbE servers can be connected to a pair of Z9500 switches through 58 S5000 switches.





Modern data centers are going through a dramatic shift of traffic patterns from mostly north-south to mostly east-west traffic. Dell solutions with local switching capabilities help ensure that server to server traffic will take the least amount of hops, which can significantly enhance application performance.

LAN and SAN convergence

Organizations can take advantage of LAN/SAN convergence by deploying Internet Small Computer System Interface (iSCSI), Fibre Channel over Ethernet (FCoE), or even both network fabrics, on the DCB-enabled network. These technologies allow IT organizations to leverage a single, lossless and converged Ethernet network to enable LAN and SAN convergence.

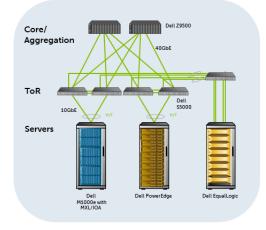
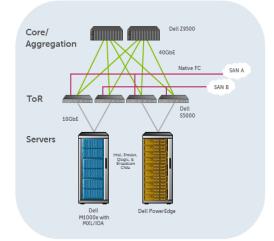


Figure 7. Lossless converged LAN and iSCSI SAN

A typical architecture will connect Dell PowerEdge rack servers directly to S5000 or M1000e blade servers through MXL/IOA blade switches to S5000. Such architecture reduces the number of server and switch optics, fiber optic cables, and number of ToR switches in the data center. This approach can result in simplification of I/O, reduced capital and operational costs, and improved IT staff productivity.





S5000 consolidates LAN and SAN networks on one physical network infrastructure while providing logical separation of LAN and SAN traffic in the network. This approach helps ensure organizations are able to connect to existing FC SANs for nonstop and optimal IT operations while extending the advantages associated with LAN and SAN convergence. A typical architecture will connect Dell PowerEdge rack servers directly to S5000 or M1000e blade servers through MXL/IOA blade switches to S5000.

S5000 acts as an FCF offering direct connectivity to FC storage or as an NPG, offering connectivity between servers and FC SANs. Using 10GbE Converged Network Adapters (CNAs) servers are able to connect to S5000 using FCoE capability. Up to 12 ports on S5000 can be configured for native Fibre Channel connectivity to FC storage, servers or SANs. All Ethernet ports can be connected to FCoE servers.

Specifications: Dell S5000 unified storage Ethernet switch

Ordering Information \$5000 S5000 IRU, LAN/SAN Converged Switch, 4x40GbE QSFP+, 4 Modular Bays with 2x AC PSU, 2x Fan Modules, I/O to PSU Airflow, 4-Post Rack Mount Kit IRU, LAN/SAN Converged Switch, 4x40GbE QSFP+, 4 Modular Bays with 2x AC PSU, 2x Fan Modules, PSU to I/O Airflow, 4-Post Rack Mount Kit IRU, LAN/SAN Converged Switch, 4x40GbE QSFP+, 4 Modular Bays with 2x DC PSU, 2x Fan Modules, I/O to PSU Airflow, 4-Post Rack Mount Kit IRU, LAN/SAN Converged Switch, 4x40GbE QSFP+, 4 Modular Bays with 2x DC PSU, 2x Fan Modules, PSU to I/O Airflow, 4-Post Rack Mount Kit IRU, LAN/SAN Converged Switch, 4x40GbE QSFP+, 4 Modular Bays with 2x DC PSU, 2x Fan Modules, PSU to I/O Airflow, 4-Post Rack Mount Kit, IRU, LAN/SAN Converged Switch, 4x40GbE QSFP+, 4 Modular Bays with 2x AC PSU, 2x Fan Modules, I/O to PSU Airflow, 4-Post Rack Mount Kit, IRU, LAN/SAN Converged Switch, 4x40GbE QSFP+, 4 Modular Bays with 2x AC PSU, 2x Fan Modules, PSU to I/O Airflow, 4-Post Rack Mount Kit, IRU, LAN/SAN Converged Switch, 4x40GbE QSFP+, 4 Modular Bays with 2x AC PSU, 2x Fan Modules, PSU to I/O Airflow, 4-Post Rack Mount Kit, TAA Power Supplies AC PSU, 2X Pan Modules, P30 to 1/07 kinds, et al. Power Supplies S5000, AC Power Supply, I/O to PSU Airflow, 100–240V, 750W S5000, AC Power Supply, I/O to PSU Airflow, 100–240V, 750W S5000, DC Power Supply, I/O to PSU Airflow, -48 to -60V, 1100W S5000, DC Power Supply, PSU to I/O Airflow, -48 to -60V, 1100W Soudo, Ber Module, I/O to PSU airflow S5000, Fan Module, I/O to PSU airflow S5000, Fan Module, PSU to I/O airflow Service Side Kits \$5000, Service Side Kit, 2x AC PSU, 2x Fan Modules, I/O to PSU Airflow S5000, Service Side Kit, 2x AC PSU, 2x Fan Modules, PSU to I/O Airflow S5000, Service Side Kit, 2x DC PSU, 2x Fan Modules, I/O to PSU Airflow S5000, Service Side Kit, 2x DC PSU, 2x Fan Modules, PSU to I/O Airflow Miscellaneous S5000, Modular I/O Bay Blank Faceplate Software Software License Software License Software License Software, OS9: Dell Networking Operating System, Layer 3 Software License Software, OS9: ISCSI Optimized Configuration, Software License Software, OS9: FCoE Transit Optimized Configuration Software, DNOS: FC/FCoE fabric and NPIV Proxy Gateway (NPG), Software License I/O Modules S5000, 12-Port Ethernet/FCoE Module 1/10GbE 1/10GBase-T Interconnect S5000, 12-Port Ethernet/FCoE Module, 1/10GbE SFP+ Interconnect S5000, 12-Port Unified Port Module, 2/4/8Gbps Native Fibre Channel or 10GbE SFP+ Interconnect Optics Transceiver, QSFP+, 40GbE, SR Optics, 850nm Wavelength, 100–150m Reach on OM3/OM4 Transceiver, QSFP+, 40GbE, eSR Optics, 850nm Wavelength, 300–400m Reach on OM3/OM4 Reach on OM3/OM4 Transceiver, 40GbE QSFP+ to 1G Cu SFP adaptor, QSA Transceiver, SFP+, 10GbE, SR, 850nm Wavelength, 300m Reach Transceiver, SFP+, 10GbE, SR, 850nm Wavelength, 10Km Reach Transceiver, SFP+, 10GbE, LR, 1310nm Wavelength, 10Km Reach Transceiver, SFP+, 10GbE, LR, 1310nm Wavelength, 40Km Reach Transceiver, SFP+, 10GbE, LR, 1310nm Wavelength, 40Km Reach Transceiver, SFP+, 10GbE, LR, 1310nm Wavelength, 40Km Reach Transceiver, SFP+, 10GbE, LRM (Long Reach Multimode) Optic, 1310nm Wavelength, 220m Reach on MMF Transceiver, SFP+, 8Gbps, Fibre Channel-SW, 150m Reach, 12-pack Transceiver, SFP+, 8Gbps, Fibre Channel-SW, 150m Reach, 12-pack Transceiver, SFP+, 8Gbps, Fibre Channel-LW, 4Km Reach **Cables** Cables Cable, 40GbE MTP to 4xLC 5M Optical Breakout Cable (optics not included) Cable, 40GbE MTP to 4xLC 5M Optical Breakout Cable (optics not included) Cable, 40GbE QSFP+ to 4xSFP+ 5M Direct Attach Breakout Cable Cable, 40GbE QSFP+, Active Fiber Optic, 50m Cable, 40GbE QSFP+, Active Fiber Optic, 50m Cable, 40GbE QSFP+, Direct Attach Cable, 1m Cable, 40GbE QSFP+, Direct Attach Cable, 1m Cable, 40GbE QSFP+ to 4 x 10GbE SFP+, Active Optical Breakout Cable. Cable, 40GbE QSFP+, Direct Attach Cable, 5m Cable, 5FP+, CU, 10GbE, Direct Attach Cable, 1m Cable, SFP+, CU, 10GbE, Direct Attach Cable, 5m Cable, SFP+, CU, 10GbE, Direct Attach Cable, 7m Cable, SFP+, CU, 10GbE, Direct Attach Cable, 7m Cable, SFP+, CU, 10GbE, Active Optical Cable, 15m Note: Contact Dell for a more comprehensive SKU list Devical Physical Four module slots (Optional Ethernet module or Unified port module) 4 x 40GbE fixed QSFP+ or 1/10GBASE-T ports 48 x 1/10GbE SFP+ with additional 16 x 10GbE SFP+ port 48 x J104be 574 with additional 16 x 104be 574 port 12 x FC 2, 4 or 8Gbps ports 1 RJ45 console/management port with RS232 signaling Size : 1RU, 1.71 x 17.4 x 28 in (4.4 mm x 441 mm x 711 mm) Weight: 34 bs (15.42 kg) Weight: 34 lbs (15.42 kg) ISO 7779 A-weighted sound pressure level: 59.6 dBA at 73.4°F (23°C) Power supply: 100 to 240 VAC 50/60 Hz or -48 to -60 VDC Max. thermal output: 1878 BTU/hr Max. current draw per system: 7A at 100/120 VAC, 3.5A at 200/240 VAC 15.2A at -46 VDC, 11.7A at -60 VDC Max. power consumption: 550 Watts Twicial power consumption: 550 Watts Max. power consumption: 550 Watts Typical power consumption: 250 Watts Max operating specifications: Operating temperature: 32°F to 104°F (0°C to 40°C) Operating humidity: 10 to 85% (RH), non-condensing Max non-operating specifications: Storage temperature: -40°C to 158°C (-40°C to 70°C) Storage humidity: 5 to 95% (RH), non-condensing **High-Availability** Hot swappable redundant power supplies Hot swappable redundant fans Field replaceable I/O modules Field replaceable I/O modules Performance MAC addresses 128K 16K 128K ARP table IPv4 routes: IPv6 routes: Switch fabric capacity: 32K 1.28Tbps (full-duplex) 640Gbps (half-duplex) 960Mpps Forwarding capacity: 8 links per group, 128 groups per stack Link aggregation: Queues per port: VLANs: 4 queues 4K Line-rate layer 2 switching: Line-rate layer 3 routing: All protocols, including IPv4 IPv4 Ingress 1023; egress: 716 IP ACL: ACLs: LAGs: 2K ingress, 1k egress 128 with up to 16 LAG load balancing: Based on layer 2, IPv4 headers

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802.1p	L2 Prioritization			
802.1Q 802.1s	VLAN Tagging, Double VLAN Tagging, GVRP MSTP			
802.1w	RSTP			
802.1X 802.3ab	Network Access Control Gigabit Ethernet (1000BASE-T)			
802.3ab				
802.3ad	Link Aggregation	with LACP		
802.3ae 802.3ba	802.3ae 10 Gigabit Ethernet (10GBASE-X) 802.3ba 40 Gigabit Ethernet (40GBase-SR4, 40GBase-CR4)			
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1812	Requirements for		and v4 multicast	
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4007	IPv6 Scoped Address Architecture			
4213 4291	Basic Transition Mechanisms for IPv6 Hosts and Routers IPv6 Addressing Architecture			
4443	ICMP for IPv6			
4861 4862	Neighbor Discovery fo IPv6 Stateless Address		ration	
5095 Deprecation of Type 0 Routing Headers in IPv6				
IPv6 Management support (telnet, FTP, TACACS, RADIUS, SSH, NTP) VRF-Lite (IPv6 VRF with OSPFv3, BGPv6, IS-IS)				
Security	/			
2404	The Use of HMAC- SHA-1-96 within	4250, 4,	251, 4252, 4253, 4254 SSHv2	
2865	ESP and AH RADIUS	4301	Security Architecture for IPSec	
3162	Radius and IPv6	4302	IPSec Authentication	
3579	Radius support for FAP	4303	Header ESP Protocol	
3580	802.1X with RADIUS	4807	IPsecv Security	
3768 3826	EAP AES Cipher		Policy DB MIB	
5020	Algorithm in the			
	SNMP User Base Security Model			
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2858	Multiprotocol Extensio	ons		
2918	Route Refresh			
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DCBx Application TLV (iSCSI, FCoE) Fibre Channel over Ethernet (FCoE) iSCSI over DCB (lossless iSCSI) RDMA over Converged Ethernet (RoCE) Fibre Channel (requires license) Fibre Channel Forwarding (FCF) NPIV Proxy Gateway (NPG) Fibre Channel port types: F, E, NP, VF Bridging to FC SAN Up to 12 FCoE_Maps per switch Fabric Shortest Path First (FSPF Name server Zoning FCoE features (requires license) FC-BB-5 support Native FCoE forwarding FCoE Initialization Protocol (FIP) v1 Connectivity to FIP Snooping Bridge FCoE Transit (FIP Snooping Bridge) PCOE to FC Forwarding Dynamic FCoE to FC Load Balancing Network management k management SMIV1 SNMPV1 Concise MIB Definitions SNMP Traps Bridges MIB OSPFv2 MIB Community-Based SNMPV2 IP MIB IP Forwarding Table MIB SMIv2 1155 1157 1215 1493 1850 1901 2011 2096 2578 SMIv2 Textual Conventions for SMIv2 Conformance Statements for SMIv2 RADIUS Authentication MIB 2579 2618 RADIOS Authentication MIB Ethernet-Like Interfaces MIB Extended Bridge MIB VRRP MIB RMON MIB (groups 1, 2, 3, 9) Interfaces MIB 2665 2674 2787 2819 2863 RMON High Capacity MIB 3273 3410 3411 SNMPv3 SNMPv3 Management Framework 3412 Message Processing and Dispatching for the Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) 3413 SNMP Applications 3414 3415 3416 VACM for SNMP SNMPv2 3417 Transport mappings for SNMP SNMP MIB 3418 SNMP MIB -RMON High Capacity Alarm MIB Coexistance between SNMP v1, v2 and v3 IP MIB IP Tunnel MIB UDP MIB Entity MIB MIB for IP MIB for IP for Extual Conventions 3434 3584 4022 4087 4087 4113 4133 4292 4292 MIB for IP/6 Textual Conventions 4293 MIB for IP/6 Textual Conventions 4502 RMONv2 (groups 1,2,3,9) 5060 PIM MIB ANS/TITA-1057 LLDP-MED MIB DelL_ITA.Rev_1_1 MIB DelL TTA Rev_1_1 MIB draft_grant-tacacs-02 TACACS+ draft_tetf-id-bgd-mib-06 BGP MIBv1 IEEE 8021AB LLDP MIB IEEE 8021AB LLDP DOT3 MIB IEEE 8021AB LLDP DOT3 MIB SFlow.org sFlowv5 SFlow org sFlowv5 MIB (version 1.3) FORCE10-BCP4-V2-MIB Force10 BGP MIB (draft-ietf-idr-bgp4-mibv2-05) FORCE10-IF-EXTENSION-MIB FORCE10-IF-EXTENSION-MIB FORCE10-IF-EXTENSION-MIB FORCE10-COPY-CONFIG-MIB FORCE10-SCP4-ASSIS-MIB FORCE10-SMI FORCE10-SD-CHASHS-MID FORCE10-SMI FORCE10-TC-MIB FORCE10-TC-MIB FORCE10-FORWARDINGPLANE-STATS-MIB Regulatory compliance Safety UL/CSA 60950-1, Second Edition UL/SA 60590-1, Second Edition EN 60950-1, Second Edition IEC 60950-1, Second Edition Including All National Deviations and Group Differences EN 60825-1 Safety of Laser Products Part 1: Equipment Classification Requirements and User's Guide EN 60825-2 Safety of Laser Products Part 2: Safety of Optical Fibre Communication Systems FDA Regulation 21 CFR 1040.10 and 1040.11 Emissions Australia/New Zealand: AS/NZS CISPR 22: 2006, Class A Canada: ICES-003, Issue-4, Class A Europe: EN 55022: 2006+A1:2007 (CISPR 22: 2006), Class A Japan: VCCI V3/2009 Class A USA: FCC CCFR 47 Part 15, Subpart B:2011, Class A Immunity EN 300 386 V1.4.1:2008 EMC for Network Equipment EN 55024: 1998 + A1: 2001 + A2: 2003 EN 55024: 1998 + A1: 2001 + A2: 2003 EN 61000-3-2: Harmonic Current Emissions EN 61000-3-3: Voltage Fluctuations and Flicker EN 61000-4-3: RED EN 61000-4-3: RET EN 61000-4-4: EFT EN 61000-4-5: Surge EN 61000-4-6: Low Frequency Conducted Immunity RoHS All S Series components are EU RoHS compliant. Certifications Available with US Trade Agreements Act (TAA) compliance USGv6 Host and Router Certified on Dell Networking OS 9.5 IPv6 Ready for both Host and Router UCR DoD APL (core and distribution ALSAN switch) Warranty 1 year return to depot

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Data Center Bridging eXchange (DCBx) Learn more at Dell.com/Networking. February 2016 | Version 2 dell-networking-s series-s5000-spec sheet